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PROMOTING COLLABORATIVE CONSTRUCTION PROCESS MANAGEMENT BY MEANS OF A NORMALIZED WORKLOAD APPROACH

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Context

Focus on S

Limited mc



► Limited knowice management theory and II-ICE

...as a consequence

and management



adding tasks

Jentified too late

/ery actions

Lean Approaches

- ► Last Planner System (LPS)
- ► Takt Planning & Last Planner System
- Location Based Management System

Last Planner System

Based on several principles:

- Planning at different levels of detail
- ▶ Create commitments: Collaborative Planning
- Measure schedule reliability: Percent Plan Complete (PPC)
- ▶ Continuous improvement: Feedback mechanism



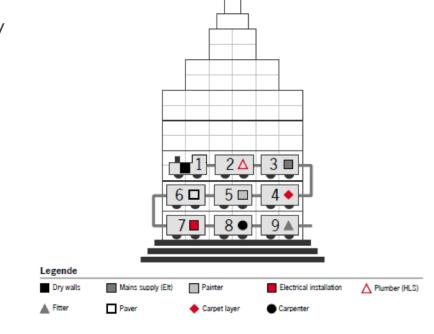






Takt Planning & LPS

- ▶ *Takt Planning* can be used as a support of LPS to:
 - Standardize batches, striving for continuous workflow
 - ► Aim at disruption-free handovers between trades
- Mainly applicable to repetitive construction work
- Often difficult to define takt area w.r.t chosen takt time



Location Based Management System (LBMS)

Location Based Management System (LBMS):

- Focuses on tasks that repeat in different locations
- Aims at reducing movement of resources in space
- Limited focus on:
 - **social** aspects in a production planning system
 - ▶ *learning* from process feedback



Desiderata

- Commitment network (LPS)
- Schedule reliability (LPS)
- Learning from feedback (LPS)
- Location-Based perspective (LBMS)

Additionally:

- Introduce a quantitative construction progress measurement...
- ...which serves both repetitive and non-repetitive projects



The Normalized Workload Approach

- 1. For each **task** and **location** estimate:
 - ▶ The production rates;
 - Required number of workers;
 - ▶ Work sequencing.

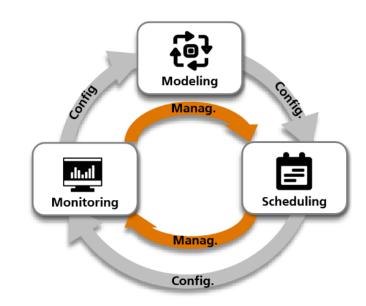
2. Normalize to a time interval

$$Pitch_{Parquet_laying,Floor_1,2} = \frac{20 m^2}{1 working_day}$$

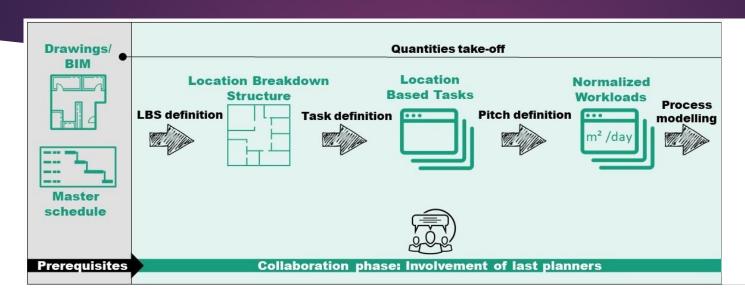
$$Pitch_{Task_{i},Loc_{j},Crewsize_{k}} = \frac{Quantity_{ij}}{time\ interval}$$

How is the Pitch Applied?

- Collaborative process modeling
- 2. Rolling short-term **scheduling** based on modeling
- 3. Real-time progress **monitoring** with feedback loops

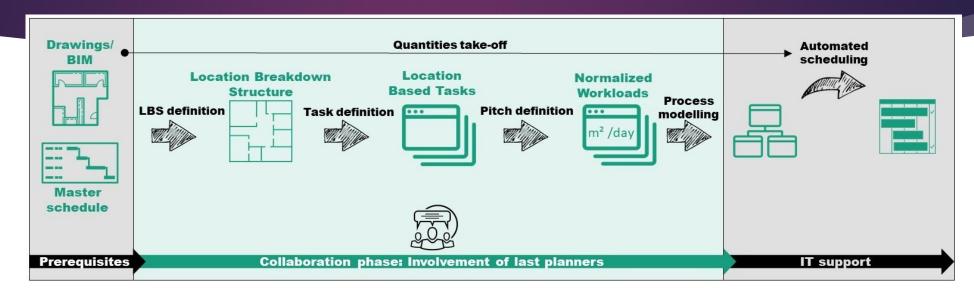


1. Collaborative Process Modeling



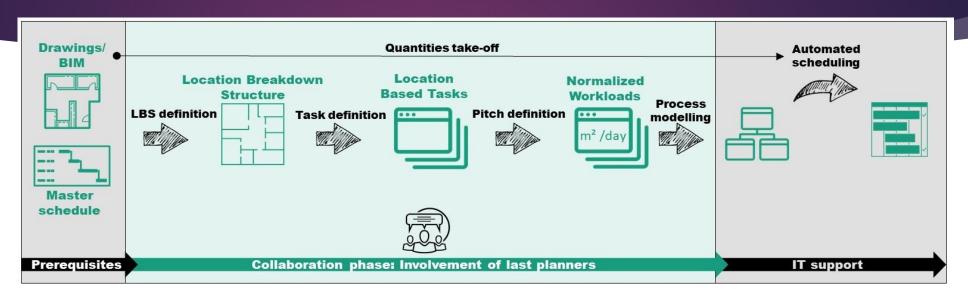
- Collaborative definition of the requirements on the execution process:
 - ▶ Locations, tasks, **pitch**, resources, dependencies
- The pitch is thus part of the commitments

2. Rolling Short-Term Schedule



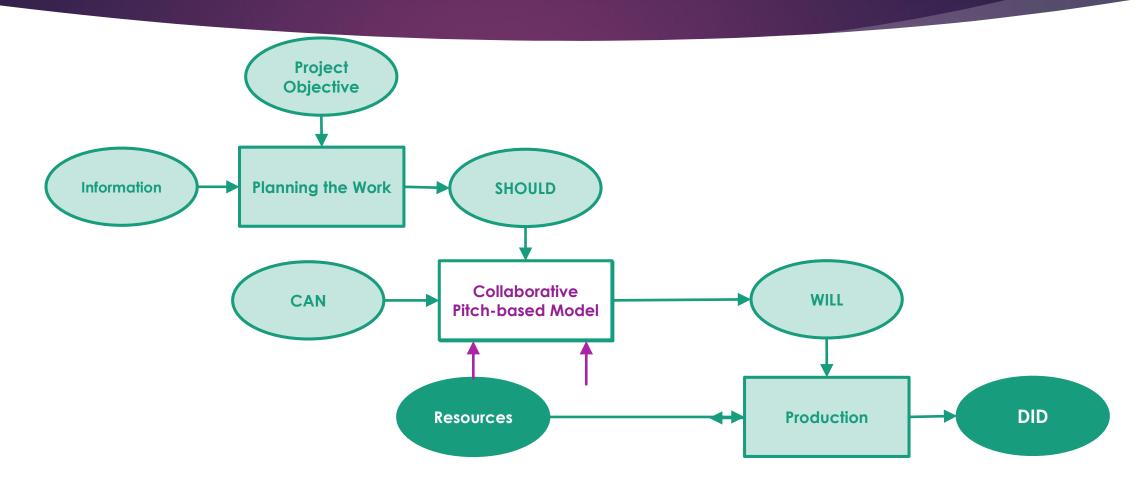
- Define a schedule for short period of time:
 - Relying on the pitch
 - Based on up-to-date progress information
 - ► Automatically generation

3. Quantitative Real-Time Monitoring



- Quantitatively measure the progress on site
 - Compare and possibly update the pitches
 - Compute the updated budget forecasts until project completion
- ▶ Feedback loop-based optimization

Turning the Planning-Production Cascade into a Loop



The COCkPiT Project



- COCKPIT: Collaborative Construction Process management
- Develop methodologies and IT-Tools to support construction process execution



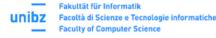
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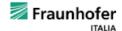






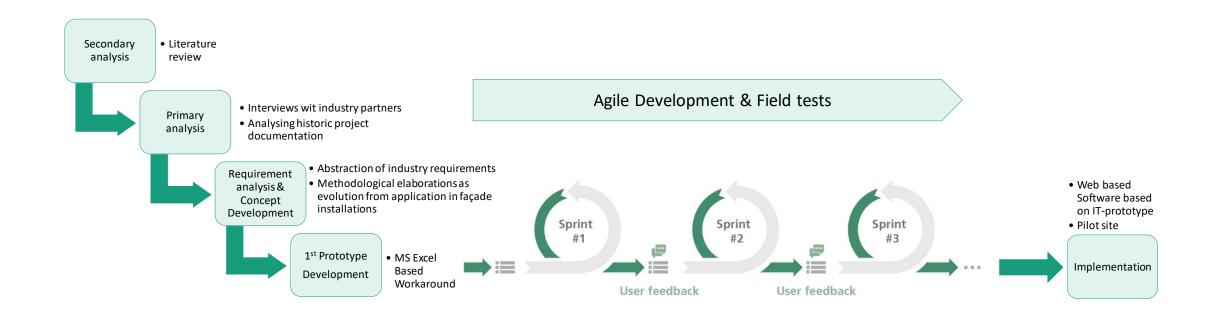


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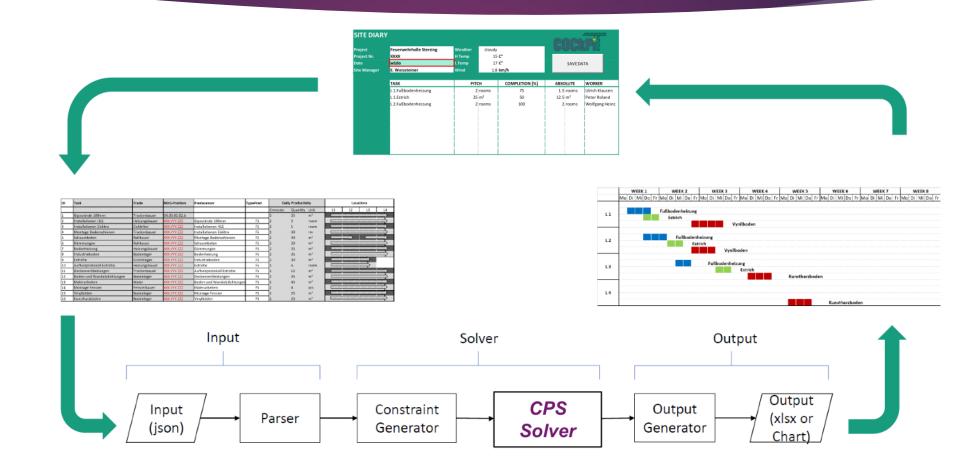


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COCkPiT Research Methodology



COCkPiT Current Development



Thank you for the Attention

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